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# Why Out-of-Distribution Detection Experiments Are Not Reliable - Subtle Experimental Details Muddle the OOD Detector Rankings (Supplementary Material)

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## A ADDITIONAL SIMULATION RESULTS FOR ARCHITECTURE FEATURES

Additional simulation results (additional metrics: DTACC, TNR at TPR 95%, and AUPR) for Table 2 of the main paper showing the instability of OOD detection metrics for three different variations of CNN architectures (ResNet-101 and ResNet-110). The results are presented in Tables 1,2, and 3. The message from the results presented here is similar to that from Table 2 of the main paper, that changing the details of the architecture leads to different winning OOD methods and can cause large changes in the OOD detection quality metrics. This is especially visible for MaxLogits (ML) and FreeEnergy (FE). Moreover, the winning methods for AUC, DTACC, and AUPR are almost the same (these metrics select the same winning method for a given architecture and task), but the results for TNR are very different.

Table 1: DTACC results for the OOD detection instability caused by the architecture features. Additional results to those presented in Table 2 of the main paper.

Type	ACC	KNN	Mah	ML	MSP	LOF <sub>C</sub>	LOF <sub>E</sub>	FE
SVHN								
type-0	94.50	<b>86.05</b>	83.40	82.64	83.69	79.69	79.80	82.64
type-1	93.64	<b>87.14</b>	82.07	74.44	79.73	85.31	85.11	74.41
type-2	92.91	82.84	<b>83.30</b>	66.53	72.27	81.97	81.16	66.43
CIFAR-100								
type-0	94.50	79.38	77.98	81.28	81.33	72.31	70.23	<b>81.31</b>
type-1	93.64	<b>81.39</b>	80.68	80.16	80.12	79.63	78.98	80.17
type-2	92.91	<b>79.75</b>	78.19	77.82	79.14	76.21	74.91	77.80

## B ADDITIONAL SIMULATION RESULTS FOR INITIAL SEEDS

Additional simulation results (DTACC, TNR, and AUPR metrics) in the experiments reported in the main paper in Table 3 are shown here in Tables 4,5, and 6. We analyze the instability of OOD detection decisions due to the random seeds used during training. We find that the initial seed has a small effect on the close-set accuracy but causes a large variation in all OOD detection metrics used. Moreover, the ranking of the methods is significantly changed regardless of the OOD detection method used.

Table 2: TNR at TPR 95% results for the OOD detection instability caused by the architecture features. Additional results to those presented in Table 2 of the main paper.

Type	ACC	KNN	Mah	ML	MSP	$\text{LOF}_C$	$\text{LOF}_E$	FE
<b>SVHN</b>								
type-0	94.50	52.15	<b>53.67</b>	40.08	34.27	42.04	43.21	39.73
type-1	93.64	<b>57.57</b>	49.91	18.72	27.59	43.70	50.43	17.85
type-2	92.91	36.00	38.87	18.96	17.17	53.12	<b>49.01</b>	19.27
<b>CIFAR-100</b>								
type-0	94.50	35.00	33.01	45.89	34.99	21.20	20.44	<b>45.98</b>
type-1	93.64	42.14	<b>42.28</b>	41.83	32.70	41.09	41.48	42.10
type-2	92.91	36.85	33.22	38.02	29.39	32.81	30.19	<b>38.60</b>

Table 3: AUPR results for the OOD detection instability caused by the architecture features. Additional results to those presented in Table 2 of the main paper.

Type	ACC	KNN	Mah	ML	MSP	$\text{LOF}_C$	$\text{LOF}_E$	FE
<b>SVHN</b>								
type-0	94.50	<b>92.05</b>	91.12	87.98	88.29	87.13	87.18	87.95
type-1	93.64	<b>93.43</b>	89.97	77.71	83.40	90.85	91.49	77.49
type-2	92.91	88.42	88.96	67.26	73.70	<b>89.92</b>	88.85	67.23
<b>CIFAR-100</b>								
type-0	94.50	85.47	84.27	87.50	86.70	77.53	75.51	<b>87.55</b>
type-1	93.64	<b>88.12</b>	87.45	85.82	85.27	86.13	85.24	85.85
type-2	92.91	<b>86.23</b>	84.41	82.25	83.00	82.49	81.21	82.29

## C ADDITIONAL SIMULATION RESULTS FOR OOD EXAMPLE SELECTION

Additional simulation results (ACC, DTACC, TNR, and AUPR metrics) for Table 4 of the main paper (we also show here the rank of the methods). We analyze the instability of the OOD detection metrics as a result of the random selection of OOD examples (necessary to keep the 1:1 ratio between ID and OOD data). The results are presented in Tables 7,8,9, and 10. It can be seen that the random selection of OOD examples has almost no influence on the method ranks, regardless of the reported metric.

## D ADDITIONAL SIMULATION RESULTS FOR TRAIN-TEST SPLIT

Additional simulation results (DTACC, TNR, and AUPR metrics) for Table 5 of the main paper. We analyze the instability of the OOD detection metrics as a result of the train-test split for close-set task. The results are presented in Tables 11, 12, and 13. Similarly to the initial seeds of the nearest-neighbor training, the train-test split has a small effect on the nearest-neighbor accuracy, but causes a large variation in all OOD detection metrics used. Furthermore, the ranking of the methods changes significantly regardless of the OOD detection method used.

## E ADDITIONAL SIMULATION RESULTS FOR AUGMENTATION STRATEGIES

Additional simulation results (DTACC, TNR, and AUPR metrics) for Table 6 of the main paper. We analyze the instability of the OOD detection metrics as a result of the augmentation strategy used. The results are presented in Tables 14, 15, and

Table 4: DTACC results for the OOD detection instability caused by the different random seeds used during training. Additional results to those presented in Table 3 of the main paper.

MobileNet with closed set ACC = $74.75 \pm 0.31$									
Method	CIFAR-100 vs SVHN				CIFAR-100 vs CIFAR-10				
	AUPR mean±std	Rank delta	AUPR mean±std	Rank range	AUPR mean±std	Rank delta	AUPR mean±std	Rank range	
KNN	$64.98 \pm 6.95$	22.21	$5.50 \pm 0.92$	3-6	$60.62 \pm 1.54$	4.66	$4.90 \pm 0.54$	4-6	
Mah	$69.67 \pm 7.07$	19.88	$4.50 \pm 1.28$	2-6	$57.45 \pm 1.96$	7.18	$5.80 \pm 0.60$	4-6	
ML	$81.59 \pm 4.88$	18.64	$1.50 \pm 0.92$	1-4	$76.53 \pm 0.57$	2.03	$0.00 \pm 0.00$	0-0	
MSP	$77.58 \pm 4.42$	16.10	$3.70 \pm 1.00$	2-6	$75.69 \pm 0.35$	1.05	$2.00 \pm 0.00$	2-2	
LOF <sub>C</sub>	$82.04 \pm 3.73$	11.27	$1.40 \pm 1.20$	0-3	$64.94 \pm 1.77$	6.02	$3.00 \pm 0.00$	3-3	
LOF <sub>E</sub>	$74.96 \pm 4.18$	12.79	$3.50 \pm 1.20$	1-6	$62.37 \pm 1.30$	5.06	$4.30 \pm 0.46$	4-5	
FE	$82.02 \pm 5.08$	19.46	$0.90 \pm 1.51$	0-5	$76.40 \pm 0.63$	2.30	$1.00 \pm 0.00$	1-1	

  

ResNet with closed set ACC = $92.73 \pm 0.27$									
Method	CIFAR-10 vs SVHN				CIFAR-10 vs CIFAR-100				
	AUPR mean±std	Rank delta	AUPR mean±std	Rank range	AUPR mean±std	Rank delta	AUPR mean±std	Rank range	
KNN	$74.46 \pm 13.32$	44.52	$3.90 \pm 1.70$	1-6	$62.31 \pm 7.34$	21.98	$4.20 \pm 0.98$	3-6	
Mah	$77.13 \pm 6.45$	23.18	$4.20 \pm 1.08$	2-6	$62.08 \pm 6.30$	20.44	$3.60 \pm 0.49$	3-4	
ML	$82.92 \pm 1.53$	4.90	$1.80 \pm 1.40$	0-4	$87.07 \pm 0.49$	1.47	$1.00 \pm 0.00$	1-1	
MSP	$83.83 \pm 1.41$	4.00	$0.90 \pm 1.04$	0-3	$83.78 \pm 0.63$	1.86	$2.00 \pm 0.00$	2-2	
LOF <sub>C</sub>	$69.58 \pm 6.56$	23.29	$5.70 \pm 0.46$	5-6	$57.04 \pm 3.34$	8.96	$5.70 \pm 0.64$	4-6	
LOF <sub>E</sub>	$81.83 \pm 7.37$	29.18	$1.70 \pm 1.27$	0-3	$58.86 \pm 3.43$	11.91	$4.50 \pm 1.02$	3-6	
FE	$82.77 \pm 1.53$	4.90	$2.80 \pm 1.40$	1-5	$87.11 \pm 0.49$	1.50	$0.00 \pm 0.00$	0-0	

16. It confirms the conclusions presented in the main paper, i.e., a large impact of augmentation techniques on OOD results, and with SVHN as OOD, almost any OOD method can be considered the best by choosing the appropriate augmentation method.

## F ADDITIONAL SIMULATION RESULTS FOR TEXT BASED OOD

Additional simulation results (DTACC, TNR, and AUPR metrics) for Table 7 of the main paper. We analyze the instability of OOD detection decisions as an effect of different random seeds used during training for text classification based on BERT (transformer-based) representations. The results are presented in Table 17. They confirm the conclusions presented in the main paper that the rank of the OOD method could be selected in almost any order just by peeking at the seed used during training.

Table 5: TNR at TPR 95% results for the OOD detection instability caused by the different random seeds used during training. Additional results to those presented in Table 3 of the main paper.

MobileNet with closed set ACC = $74.75 \pm 0.31$									
Method	CIFAR-100 vs SVHN				CIFAR-100 vs CIFAR-10				
	TNR mean±std	Rank delta	TNR mean±std	Rank range	TNR mean±std	Rank delta	TNR mean±std	Rank range	
KNN	$7.48 \pm 4.74$	13.48	$5.90 \pm 0.30$	5-6	$7.13 \pm 0.75$	2.82	$4.00 \pm 0.77$	3-5	
Mah	$14.20 \pm 8.10$	23.12	$4.30 \pm 1.42$	1-5	$5.69 \pm 1.32$	4.91	$5.60 \pm 0.92$	3-6	
ML	$27.34 \pm 7.64$	28.77	$1.90 \pm 0.83$	1-3	$18.81 \pm 0.72$	2.25	$0.20 \pm 0.40$	0-1	
MSP	$22.39 \pm 4.99$	18.86	$3.10 \pm 0.70$	2-4	$18.07 \pm 0.48$	1.75	$1.50 \pm 0.67$	0-2	
$\text{LOF}_C$	$30.52 \pm 6.39$	22.70	$0.90 \pm 1.22$	0-3	$6.83 \pm 1.08$	3.38	$4.30 \pm 1.10$	3-6	
$\text{LOF}_E$	$16.95 \pm 7.06$	24.63	$3.70 \pm 1.27$	1-6	$6.87 \pm 0.88$	2.89	$4.10 \pm 0.83$	3-5	
FE	$28.64 \pm 8.89$	33.78	$1.20 \pm 1.47$	0-5	$18.35 \pm 0.90$	3.14	$1.30 \pm 0.64$	0-2	

  

ResNet with closed set ACC = $92.73 \pm 0.27$									
Method	CIFAR-10 vs SVHN				CIFAR-10 vs CIFAR-100				
	TNR mean±std	Rank delta	TNR mean±std	Rank range	TNR mean±std	Rank delta	TNR mean±std	Rank range	
KNN	$19.29 \pm 19.23$	46.65	$4.00 \pm 2.45$	1-6	$10.74 \pm 3.22$	11.39	$4.50 \pm 0.92$	3-6	
Mah	$26.30 \pm 10.85$	39.80	$3.00 \pm 1.34$	1-5	$13.53 \pm 3.53$	12.28	$3.10 \pm 0.30$	3-4	
ML	$23.22 \pm 3.01$	9.68	$2.90 \pm 1.14$	1-4	$40.19 \pm 1.47$	4.43	$0.80 \pm 0.40$	0-1	
MSP	$25.50 \pm 2.19$	7.50	$2.30 \pm 1.10$	0-4	$28.58 \pm 1.52$	4.68	$2.00 \pm 0.00$	2-2	
$\text{LOF}_C$	$17.87 \pm 9.01$	28.28	$4.40 \pm 2.06$	0-6	$8.38 \pm 1.50$	3.97	$5.80 \pm 0.40$	5-6	
$\text{LOF}_E$	$37.73 \pm 12.18$	50.00	$0.40 \pm 0.92$	0-3	$9.85 \pm 1.47$	4.97	$4.60 \pm 0.49$	4-5	
FE	$22.71 \pm 3.16$	10.65	$4.00 \pm 1.18$	2-5	$40.36 \pm 1.54$	4.20	$0.20 \pm 0.40$	0-1	

Table 6: AUPR results for the OOD detection instability caused by the different random seeds used during training. Additional results to those presented in Table 3 of the main paper.

MobileNet with closed set ACC = $74.75 \pm 0.31$									
Method	CIFAR-100 vs SVHN				CIFAR-100 vs CIFAR-10				
	AUPR mean±std	Rank delta	AUPR mean±std	Rank range	AUPR mean±std	Rank delta	AUPR mean±std	Rank range	
KNN	$64.98 \pm 6.95$	22.21	$5.50 \pm 0.92$	3-6	$60.62 \pm 1.54$	4.66	$4.90 \pm 0.54$	4-6	
Mah	$69.67 \pm 7.07$	19.88	$4.50 \pm 1.28$	2-6	$57.45 \pm 1.96$	7.18	$5.80 \pm 0.60$	4-6	
ML	$81.59 \pm 4.88$	18.64	$1.50 \pm 0.92$	1-4	$76.53 \pm 0.57$	2.03	$0.00 \pm 0.00$	0-0	
MSP	$77.58 \pm 4.42$	16.10	$3.70 \pm 1.00$	2-6	$75.69 \pm 0.35$	1.05	$2.00 \pm 0.00$	2-2	
$\text{LOF}_C$	$82.04 \pm 3.73$	11.27	$1.40 \pm 1.20$	0-3	$64.94 \pm 1.77$	6.02	$3.00 \pm 0.00$	3-3	
$\text{LOF}_E$	$74.96 \pm 4.18$	12.79	$3.50 \pm 1.20$	1-6	$62.37 \pm 1.30$	5.06	$4.30 \pm 0.46$	4-5	
FE	$82.02 \pm 5.08$	19.46	$0.90 \pm 1.51$	0-5	$76.40 \pm 0.63$	2.30	$1.00 \pm 0.00$	1-1	

  

ResNet with closed set ACC = $92.73 \pm 0.27$									
Method	CIFAR-10 vs SVHN				CIFAR-10 vs CIFAR-100				
	AUPR mean±std	Rank delta	AUPR mean±std	Rank range	AUPR mean±std	Rank delta	AUPR mean±std	Rank range	
KNN	$74.46 \pm 13.32$	44.52	$3.90 \pm 1.70$	1-6	$62.31 \pm 7.34$	21.98	$4.20 \pm 0.98$	3-6	
Mah	$77.13 \pm 6.45$	23.18	$4.20 \pm 1.08$	2-6	$62.08 \pm 6.30$	20.44	$3.60 \pm 0.49$	3-4	
ML	$82.92 \pm 1.53$	4.90	$1.80 \pm 1.40$	0-4	$87.07 \pm 0.49$	1.47	$1.00 \pm 0.00$	1-1	
MSP	$83.83 \pm 1.41$	4.00	$0.90 \pm 1.04$	0-3	$83.78 \pm 0.63$	1.86	$2.00 \pm 0.00$	2-2	
$\text{LOF}_C$	$69.58 \pm 6.56$	23.29	$5.70 \pm 0.46$	5-6	$57.04 \pm 3.34$	8.96	$5.70 \pm 0.64$	4-6	
$\text{LOF}_E$	$81.83 \pm 7.37$	29.18	$1.70 \pm 1.27$	0-3	$58.86 \pm 3.43$	11.91	$4.50 \pm 1.02$	3-6	
FE	$82.77 \pm 1.53$	4.90	$2.80 \pm 1.40$	1-5	$87.11 \pm 0.49$	1.50	$0.00 \pm 0.00$	0-0	

Table 7: ACC results for the OOD detection instability caused by random selection of OOD images. Additional results (methods rank added) for experiments reported in Table 4 of the main paper.

MobileNet									
Method	CIFAR-100 vs SVHN				CIFAR-100 vs CIFAR-10				
	AUC mean±std	delta	Rank mean±std	range	AUC mean±std	delta	Rank mean±std	range	
KNN	75.56±0.18	0.90	5.35±0.48	5-6	60.67±0.22	1.14	5.00±0.00	5-5	
Mah	75.52±0.20	0.87	5.65±0.48	5-6	57.55±0.24	1.18	6.00±0.00	6-6	
ML	81.72±0.15	0.80	2.00±0.00	2-2	76.88±0.18	0.85	0.00±0.00	0-0	
MSP	78.25±0.18	0.87	4.00±0.00	4-4	76.09±0.16	0.96	2.00±0.00	2-2	
LOF <sub>C</sub>	84.31±0.15	0.74	0.00±0.00	0-0	68.41±0.20	0.94	3.00±0.00	3-3	
LOF <sub>E</sub>	78.87±0.18	0.97	3.00±0.00	3-3	64.31±0.22	1.12	4.00±0.00	4-4	
FE	81.84±0.14	0.80	1.00±0.00	1-1	76.70±0.18	0.89	1.00±0.00	1-1	

  

ResNet									
Method	CIFAR-10 vs SVHN				CIFAR-10 vs CIFAR-100				
	AUC mean±std	delta	Rank mean±std	range	AUC mean±std	delta	Rank mean±std	range	
KNN	87.80±0.17	0.88	1.00±0.00	1-1	59.80±0.27	1.50	4.00±0.00	4-4	
Mah	85.26±0.18	1.02	3.00±0.00	3-3	58.67±0.27	1.43	5.00±0.00	5-5	
ML	83.88±0.12	0.63	4.00±0.00	4-4	87.73±0.13	0.69	1.00±0.00	1-1	
MSP	86.69±0.11	0.53	2.00±0.00	2-2	86.20±0.13	0.66	2.00±0.00	2-2	
LOF <sub>C</sub>	72.08±0.21	1.39	6.00±0.00	6-6	55.56±0.23	1.28	6.00±0.00	6-6	
LOF <sub>E</sub>	91.40±0.12	0.63	0.00±0.00	0-0	62.73±0.22	1.09	3.00±0.00	3-3	
FE	83.75±0.12	0.62	5.00±0.00	5-5	87.76±0.13	0.69	0.00±0.00	0-0	

Table 8: DTACC results for the OOD detection instability caused by random selection of OOD images. Additional results for experiments reported in Table 4 of the main paper.

MobileNet									
Method	CIFAR-100 vs SVHN				CIFAR-100 vs CIFAR-10				
	mean±std	delta	mean±std	Rank range	DTACC mean±std	delta	mean±std	Rank range	
KNN	69.48±0.17	0.82	5.01±0.10	5-6	58.62±0.18	0.94	5.00±0.00	5-5	
Mah	69.12±0.17	0.81	5.99±0.10	5-6	56.29±0.20	1.03	6.00±0.00	6-6	
ML	74.77±0.17	0.87	2.00±0.00	2-2	70.98±0.17	0.94	0.11±0.31	0-1	
MSP	70.86±0.18	0.77	4.00±0.00	4-4	70.10±0.16	0.76	2.00±0.00	2-2	
LOF <sub>C</sub>	76.69±0.17	0.86	0.00±0.00	0-0	64.54±0.16	0.89	3.00±0.00	3-3	
LOF <sub>E</sub>	72.44±0.18	0.75	3.00±0.00	3-3	61.30±0.19	0.94	4.00±0.00	4-4	
FE	75.08±0.17	0.78	1.00±0.00	1-1	70.94±0.18	1.03	0.89±0.31	0-1	

  

ResNet									
Method	CIFAR-10 vs SVHN				CIFAR-10 vs CIFAR-100				
	mean±std	delta	mean±std	Rank range	DTACC mean±std	delta	mean±std	Rank range	
KNN	82.23±0.17	0.88	1.00±0.00	1-1	58.78±0.21	1.02	4.04±0.31	3-5	
Mah	77.90±0.18	1.14	3.97±0.97	3-5	58.52±0.21	1.10	4.93±0.26	4-5	
ML	77.89±0.16	0.72	3.49±0.50	3-4	80.44±0.16	0.81	0.84±0.37	0-1	
MSP	80.78±0.18	0.87	2.00±0.00	2-2	80.05±0.15	0.87	2.00±0.00	2-2	
LOF <sub>C</sub>	66.53±0.21	1.31	6.00±0.00	6-6	54.06±0.20	1.12	6.00±0.00	6-6	
LOF <sub>E</sub>	83.99±0.16	0.72	0.00±0.00	0-0	59.23±0.21	0.93	3.03±0.17	3-4	
FE	77.87±0.16	0.73	4.54±0.50	4-5	80.46±0.16	0.83	0.16±0.37	0-1	

Table 9: TNR at TPR 95% results for the OOD detection instability caused by random selection of OOD images. Additional results for experiments reported in Table 4 of the main paper.

MobileNet									
Method	CIFAR-100 vs SVHN				CIFAR-100 vs CIFAR-10				
	TNR mean±std	Rank delta	TNR mean±std	Rank range	TNR mean±std	Rank delta	TNR mean±std	Rank range	
KNN	15.61±0.30	1.71	6.00±0.00	6-6	6.76±0.22	1.03	5.00±0.00	5-5	
Mah	18.76±0.37	1.86	5.00±0.00	5-5	5.53±0.20	1.02	6.00±0.00	6-6	
ML	23.86±0.37	1.92	1.00±0.00	1-1	17.44±0.36	1.93	0.34±0.47	0-1	
MSP	22.64±0.32	1.54	2.98±0.14	2-3	17.36±0.40	1.84	0.71±0.53	0-2	
LOF <sub>C</sub>	35.44±0.46	2.66	0.00±0.00	0-0	9.20±0.27	1.23	3.00±0.00	3-3	
LOF <sub>E</sub>	21.12±0.36	1.76	4.00±0.00	4-4	7.98±0.24	1.17	4.00±0.00	4-4	
FE	23.29±0.39	1.96	2.02±0.14	2-3	16.87±0.34	2.07	1.95±0.26	0-2	

  

ResNet									
Method	CIFAR-10 vs SVHN				CIFAR-10 vs CIFAR-100				
	TNR mean±std	Rank delta	TNR mean±std	Rank range	TNR mean±std	Rank delta	TNR mean±std	Rank range	
KNN	46.91±0.45	2.46	1.00±0.00	1-1	10.59±0.26	1.49	4.84±0.37	4-5	
Mah	39.91±0.47	2.28	2.00±0.00	2-2	13.63±0.33	1.66	3.00±0.00	3-3	
ML	22.44±0.38	1.82	4.00±0.00	4-4	41.05±0.40	2.18	0.95±0.22	0-1	
MSP	27.27±0.42	2.43	3.00±0.00	3-3	29.45±0.41	2.07	2.00±0.00	2-2	
LOF <sub>C</sub>	14.08±0.31	1.52	6.00±0.00	6-6	7.69±0.21	1.13	6.00±0.00	6-6	
LOF <sub>E</sub>	59.76±0.46	2.28	0.00±0.00	0-0	10.95±0.25	1.57	4.16±0.37	4-5	
FE	21.87±0.36	1.70	5.00±0.00	5-5	41.27±0.41	2.31	0.05±0.22	0-1	

Table 10: AUPR results for the OOD detection instability caused by random selection of OOD images. Additional results for experiments reported in Table 4 of the main paper.

MobileNet									
Method	CIFAR-100 vs SVHN				CIFAR-100 vs CIFAR-10				
	AUPR mean±std	delta	Rank mean±std	range	AUPR mean±std	delta	Rank mean±std	range	
KNN	74.61±0.18	0.88	5.00±0.00	5-5	59.54±0.20	1.03	5.00±0.00	5-5	
Mah	74.29±0.20	0.95	6.00±0.00	6-6	56.80±0.21	1.00	6.00±0.00	6-6	
ML	81.01±0.15	0.78	1.32±0.47	1-2	75.60±0.19	0.94	0.00±0.00	0-0	
MSP	77.90±0.17	0.92	3.61±0.49	3-4	75.16±0.17	0.90	1.99±0.10	1-2	
LOF <sub>C</sub>	83.69±0.16	0.84	0.00±0.00	0-0	67.14±0.20	1.00	3.00±0.00	3-3	
LOF <sub>E</sub>	77.99±0.20	1.03	3.39±0.49	3-4	63.04±0.22	1.25	4.00±0.00	4-4	
FE	81.00±0.15	0.80	1.68±0.47	1-2	75.34±0.19	0.93	1.01±0.10	1-2	

  

ResNet									
Method	CIFAR-10 vs SVHN				CIFAR-10 vs CIFAR-100				
	AUPR mean±std	delta	Rank mean±std	range	AUPR mean±std	delta	Rank mean±std	range	
KNN	83.84±0.24	1.18	3.00±0.00	3-3	56.83±0.22	1.25	4.99±0.10	4-5	
Mah	84.61±0.21	1.10	1.99±0.10	1-2	57.25±0.23	1.12	4.01±0.10	4-5	
ML	82.38±0.13	0.72	4.00±0.00	4-4	86.98±0.15	0.71	1.00±0.00	1-1	
MSP	85.16±0.15	0.77	1.01±0.10	1-2	84.45±0.18	0.89	2.00±0.00	2-2	
LOF <sub>C</sub>	70.68±0.21	1.34	6.00±0.00	6-6	54.82±0.21	1.10	6.00±0.00	6-6	
LOF <sub>E</sub>	90.94±0.13	0.71	0.00±0.00	0-0	60.86±0.22	1.06	3.00±0.00	3-3	
FE	82.18±0.13	0.73	5.00±0.00	5-5	87.02±0.15	0.70	0.00±0.00	0-0	

Table 11: DTACC results for the OOD detection instability caused by close-set train-test splits. Additional results for experiments reported in Table 5 of the main paper.

MobileNet with closed set ACC = $74.98 \pm 0.50$									
Method	CIFAR-100 vs SVHN				CIFAR-100 vs CIFAR-10				Rank
	mean±std	delta	mean±std	range	DTACC	mean±std	delta	mean±std	
KNN	$67.32 \pm 2.49$	7.25	$5.40 \pm 1.02$	3-6	$59.99 \pm 1.18$	3.99	$4.40 \pm 0.49$	4-5	
Mah	$70.69 \pm 4.78$	16.17	$4.20 \pm 1.47$	2-6	$55.32 \pm 1.61$	5.77	$6.00 \pm 0.00$	6-6	
ML	$78.77 \pm 7.22$	23.14	$1.80 \pm 1.47$	0-4	$76.02 \pm 6.91$	16.36	$0.50 \pm 0.50$	0-1	
MSP	$76.31 \pm 8.34$	23.58	$3.10 \pm 2.07$	0-6	$75.65 \pm 8.32$	19.07	$1.40 \pm 0.92$	0-2	
$\text{LOF}_C$	$76.61 \pm 2.72$	8.41	$2.10 \pm 1.30$	0-4	$62.56 \pm 2.77$	8.18	$3.00 \pm 0.00$	3-3	
$\text{LOF}_E$	$73.28 \pm 4.43$	14.76	$2.80 \pm 1.60$	0-5	$60.18 \pm 2.42$	6.80	$4.60 \pm 0.49$	4-5	
FE	$78.96 \pm 7.14$	23.09	$1.60 \pm 1.62$	0-5	$75.92 \pm 6.79$	16.15	$1.10 \pm 0.70$	0-2	

  

ResNet with closed set ACC = $94.41 \pm 0.24$									
Method	CIFAR-10 vs SVHN				CIFAR-10 vs CIFAR-100				Rank
	mean±std	delta	mean±std	range	DTACC	mean±std	delta	mean±std	
KNN	$80.03 \pm 2.88$	10.99	$2.10 \pm 1.51$	0-5	$75.50 \pm 3.59$	11.70	$3.80 \pm 0.40$	3-4	
Mah	$79.33 \pm 1.95$	5.31	$3.20 \pm 1.66$	0-5	$76.32 \pm 2.52$	7.80	$3.20 \pm 0.40$	3-4	
ML	$79.69 \pm 2.77$	9.31	$2.20 \pm 0.75$	1-3	$81.61 \pm 0.36$	1.00	$1.10 \pm 0.54$	0-2	
MSP	$80.80 \pm 2.13$	8.06	$1.00 \pm 1.10$	0-3	$81.66 \pm 0.28$	0.96	$1.00 \pm 1.00$	0-2	
$\text{LOF}_C$	$75.32 \pm 4.03$	14.74	$4.60 \pm 1.28$	1-6	$70.79 \pm 4.34$	13.53	$5.00 \pm 0.00$	5-5	
$\text{LOF}_E$	$69.69 \pm 3.24$	12.47	$5.90 \pm 0.30$	5-6	$62.76 \pm 4.39$	14.16	$6.00 \pm 0.00$	6-6	
FE	$79.68 \pm 2.78$	9.33	$2.00 \pm 1.41$	0-4	$81.61 \pm 0.36$	1.04	$0.90 \pm 0.83$	0-2	

Table 12: TNR at TPR 95% results for the OOD detection instability caused by close-set train-test splits. Additional results for experiments reported in Table 5 of the main paper.

MobileNet with closed set ACC = 74.98±0.50									
Method	CIFAR-100 vs SVHN				CIFAR-100 vs CIFAR-10				
	TNR mean±std	Rank delta	TNR mean±std	Rank range	TNR mean±std	Rank delta	TNR mean±std	Rank range	
KNN	11.23±5.80	20.39	5.60±0.92	3-6	6.88±0.68	2.70	3.70±0.90	3-5	
Mah	22.90±12.50	41.89	3.70±1.68	0-5	4.72±0.80	2.67	5.90±0.30	5-6	
ML	40.71±22.76	61.53	1.80±1.54	0-4	34.28±23.12	53.71	0.00±0.00	0-0	
MSP	35.93±21.27	54.64	3.50±1.50	2-6	32.91±22.71	53.42	1.80±0.40	1-2	
LOF <sub>C</sub>	35.74±9.92	29.41	2.00±1.41	0-4	7.04±1.79	5.24	4.10±0.94	3-6	
LOF <sub>E</sub>	25.73±11.94	36.14	2.90±1.45	1-5	6.39±1.14	3.96	4.30±0.64	3-5	
FE	41.30±22.76	61.75	1.50±1.86	0-6	33.68±22.95	53.34	1.20±0.40	1-2	

  

ResNet with closed set ACC = 94.41±0.24									
Method	CIFAR-10 vs SVHN				CIFAR-10 vs CIFAR-100				
	TNR mean±std	Rank delta	TNR mean±std	Rank range	TNR mean±std	Rank delta	TNR mean±std	Rank range	
KNN	31.91±7.03	24.53	2.60±1.80	0-5	28.32±6.16	20.02	3.60±0.66	2-4	
Mah	36.49±5.37	18.39	1.80±1.47	0-4	29.78±4.56	14.73	3.20±0.40	3-4	
ML	34.03±5.03	15.67	1.60±0.80	0-3	45.84±0.98	3.17	0.90±0.30	0-1	
MSP	30.91±2.51	8.81	3.80±1.17	2-6	35.62±1.17	3.83	2.20±0.60	2-4	
LOF <sub>C</sub>	28.52±10.85	30.70	3.60±2.20	0-6	22.45±6.38	18.43	5.00±0.00	5-5	
LOF <sub>E</sub>	19.78±7.09	20.81	5.80±0.40	5-6	14.77±3.85	11.76	6.00±0.00	6-6	
FE	34.01±5.30	16.92	1.80±1.33	0-4	46.42±0.82	2.51	0.10±0.30	0-1	

Table 13: AUPR results for the OOD detection instability caused by close-set train-test splits. Additional results for experiments reported in Table 5 of the main paper.

MobileNet with closed set ACC = $74.98 \pm 0.50$									
Method	CIFAR-100 vs SVHN				CIFAR-100 vs CIFAR-10				
	AUPR mean±std	Rank delta	AUPR mean±std	Rank range	AUPR mean±std	Rank delta	AUPR mean±std	Rank range	
KNN	$70.41 \pm 4.32$	13.14	$5.30 \pm 1.19$	3-6	$60.64 \pm 1.21$	4.22	$4.40 \pm 0.49$	4-5	
Mah	$76.12 \pm 6.71$	23.14	$4.00 \pm 1.84$	0-6	$55.18 \pm 2.15$	7.25	$6.00 \pm 0.00$	6-6	
ML	$84.32 \pm 7.30$	23.05	$1.90 \pm 1.45$	0-4	$81.07 \pm 6.98$	16.55	$0.40 \pm 0.49$	0-1	
MSP	$82.00 \pm 7.70$	22.49	$3.40 \pm 1.62$	2-6	$80.61 \pm 7.79$	18.30	$1.40 \pm 0.92$	0-2	
$\text{LOF}_C$	$84.01 \pm 3.74$	10.84	$2.00 \pm 1.41$	0-4	$64.33 \pm 3.37$	9.98	$3.00 \pm 0.00$	3-3	
$\text{LOF}_E$	$79.07 \pm 6.06$	19.76	$2.90 \pm 1.30$	1-4	$61.37 \pm 2.88$	7.97	$4.60 \pm 0.49$	4-5	
FE	$84.52 \pm 7.35$	23.10	$1.50 \pm 1.96$	0-5	$80.94 \pm 6.96$	16.40	$1.20 \pm 0.60$	0-2	

  

ResNet with closed set ACC = $94.41 \pm 0.24$									
Method	CIFAR-10 vs SVHN				CIFAR-10 vs CIFAR-100				
	AUPR mean±std	Rank delta	AUPR mean±std	Rank range	AUPR mean±std	Rank delta	AUPR mean±std	Rank range	
KNN	$85.64 \pm 3.30$	12.28	$1.60 \pm 1.85$	0-5	$80.76 \pm 4.47$	13.86	$3.80 \pm 0.40$	3-4	
Mah	$86.26 \pm 2.14$	6.20	$1.70 \pm 1.49$	0-4	$81.74 \pm 3.54$	11.27	$3.20 \pm 0.40$	3-4	
ML	$85.15 \pm 2.80$	8.44	$2.40 \pm 0.80$	1-4	$87.73 \pm 0.61$	1.78	$1.00 \pm 0.00$	1-1	
MSP	$85.74 \pm 2.44$	9.23	$2.20 \pm 1.66$	0-5	$86.80 \pm 0.47$	1.84	$2.00 \pm 0.00$	2-2	
$\text{LOF}_C$	$81.40 \pm 4.77$	16.08	$4.20 \pm 1.89$	0-6	$76.07 \pm 5.16$	15.95	$5.00 \pm 0.00$	5-5	
$\text{LOF}_E$	$74.88 \pm 4.04$	14.09	$5.90 \pm 0.30$	5-6	$66.05 \pm 5.96$	18.92	$6.00 \pm 0.00$	6-6	
FE	$85.10 \pm 2.81$	8.50	$3.00 \pm 0.89$	1-4	$87.78 \pm 0.60$	1.77	$0.00 \pm 0.00$	0-0	

Table 14: DTACC results for the OOD detection instability caused by different augmentation methods used for close model training. Additional results for experiments reported in Table 6 of the main paper.

Augmentation	ACC	KNN	Mah	ML	MSP	$\text{LOF}_C$	$\text{LOF}_E$	FE
MobileNet CIFAR-100 vs SVHN								
None	53.73	66.25	72.72	69.83	65.33	<b>74.52</b>	72.76	70.27
Affine	74.41	71.52	75.14	70.45	70.27	75.70	<b>78.31</b>	70.39
CoarseDropout	67.18	60.19	63.25	77.18	71.20	74.05	67.96	<b>77.75</b>
ColorJitter	65.98	60.59	62.54	75.07	68.76	<b>77.47</b>	73.00	75.77
CropAndPad	72.59	63.02	70.89	77.12	74.16	<b>78.31</b>	74.45	77.29
MixUp	68.65	63.30	<b>78.87</b>	71.24	70.38	78.70	78.15	69.80
MobileNet CIFAR-100 vs CIFAR-10								
None	53.73	56.07	53.81	<b>62.74</b>	62.19	56.76	51.29	62.56
Affine	74.41	60.15	56.33	<b>72.52</b>	70.91	64.25	60.15	72.51
CoarseDropout	67.18	59.42	56.02	<b>67.16</b>	66.87	59.96	55.65	67.15
ColorJitter	65.98	58.22	56.76	<b>67.40</b>	66.50	62.33	57.38	67.31
CropAndPad	72.59	60.57	56.23	<b>70.25</b>	69.37	62.40	58.84	70.06
MixUp	68.65	59.47	56.20	<b>68.70</b>	68.16	55.34	57.07	67.23
ResNet CIFAR-10 vs SVHN								
None	83.64	71.41	67.70	<b>74.43</b>	73.87	74.15	69.59	74.41
Affine	94.76	<b>86.45</b>	83.97	85.24	84.40	84.83	81.62	85.23
CoarseDropout	89.27	62.52	59.39	81.27	80.31	64.89	72.69	<b>81.28</b>
ColorJitter	87.98	80.35	70.02	77.99	78.00	<b>82.09</b>	80.31	77.93
CropAndPad	94.01	84.79	80.48	87.02	85.14	83.11	79.55	<b>87.06</b>
MixUp	89.41	77.28	81.31	57.10	<b>83.12</b>	72.72	78.72	50.43
ResNet CIFAR-10 vs CIFAR-100								
None	83.64	63.20	62.25	74.41	72.67	57.95	54.94	<b>74.44</b>
Affine	94.76	81.31	80.25	<b>83.07</b>	82.62	79.84	77.84	83.05
CoarseDropout	89.27	58.27	55.08	78.65	77.41	54.14	54.10	<b>78.69</b>
ColorJitter	87.98	74.48	71.70	77.50	76.17	74.64	71.78	<b>77.50</b>
CropAndPad	94.01	79.84	77.35	81.99	81.72	76.09	72.06	<b>82.01</b>
MixUp	89.41	62.93	66.61	72.72	<b>76.77</b>	60.33	57.22	67.73

Table 15: TNR at TPR 95% results for the OOD detection instability caused by different augmentation methods used for close model training. Additional results for experiments reported in Table 6 of the main paper.

Augmentation	ACC	KNN	Mah	ML	MSP	$\text{LOF}_C$	$\text{LOF}_E$	FE
MobileNet CIFAR-100 vs SVHN								
None	53.73	12.47	<b>31.45</b>	13.11	11.28	24.10	28.72	12.87
Affine	74.41	28.78	33.28	11.84	13.83	30.81	<b>41.14</b>	9.93
CoarseDropout	67.18	5.10	10.09	26.34	20.82	25.26	12.80	<b>28.50</b>
ColorJitter	65.98	4.16	10.52	22.22	18.21	<b>39.95</b>	25.39	23.19
CropAndPad	72.59	8.77	21.19	23.35	20.32	<b>35.89</b>	29.84	23.09
MixUp	68.65	8.72	<b>40.35</b>	10.10	13.73	35.25	38.45	7.78
MobileNet CIFAR-100 vs CIFAR-10								
None	53.73	4.22	4.77	<b>11.15</b>	10.32	4.26	3.29	10.73
Affine	74.41	6.06	4.59	<b>19.65</b>	19.35	7.59	5.09	18.96
CoarseDropout	67.18	5.19	5.12	<b>14.84</b>	14.45	6.48	5.15	14.36
ColorJitter	65.98	5.66	6.17	<b>13.73</b>	13.14	9.91	5.82	13.50
CropAndPad	72.59	6.58	4.58	<b>17.92</b>	16.32	6.98	5.90	17.43
MixUp	68.65	6.68	5.26	14.62	<b>15.83</b>	4.94	5.65	13.19
ResNet CIFAR-10 vs SVHN								
None	83.64	25.14	26.36	16.21	15.69	<b>39.94</b>	26.22	15.74
Affine	94.76	51.16	47.07	54.64	38.62	51.35	34.75	<b>55.50</b>
CoarseDropout	89.27	0.10	5.92	<b>32.08</b>	23.34	10.31	26.32	31.95
ColorJitter	87.98	41.32	15.55	23.76	22.63	<b>54.33</b>	46.30	23.03
CropAndPad	94.01	47.77	43.02	61.05	41.01	53.79	35.88	<b>62.23</b>
MixUp	89.41	32.63	<b>55.88</b>	7.73	35.98	19.50	43.04	3.70
ResNet CIFAR-10 vs CIFAR-100								
None	83.64	10.77	11.80	22.91	17.63	11.39	7.54	<b>23.23</b>
Affine	94.76	39.08	39.33	47.28	35.74	39.87	36.48	<b>48.26</b>
CoarseDropout	89.27	6.09	9.00	33.23	23.39	7.53	6.90	<b>33.50</b>
ColorJitter	87.98	22.85	19.93	29.16	21.77	27.42	22.02	<b>30.12</b>
CropAndPad	94.01	38.73	35.15	46.50	34.21	33.88	26.85	<b>46.87</b>
MixUp	89.41	8.67	13.36	<b>31.88</b>	29.22	9.73	7.68	31.14

Table 16: AUPR results for the OOD detection instability caused by different augmentation methods used for close model training. Additional results for experiments reported in Table 6 of the main paper.

Augmentation	ACC	KNN	Mah	ML	MSP	$\text{LOF}_C$	$\text{LOF}_E$	FE
MobileNet CIFAR-100 vs SVHN								
None	53.73	70.10	<b>79.54</b>	73.90	69.96	79.46	78.17	74.31
Affine	74.41	78.77	82.64	74.01	74.72	83.09	<b>86.26</b>	73.33
CoarseDropout	67.18	61.15	66.26	83.01	77.49	80.46	71.51	<b>83.81</b>
ColorJitter	65.98	60.91	65.98	80.69	75.03	<b>84.37</b>	78.94	81.41
CropAndPad	72.59	65.89	76.56	82.31	79.87	<b>85.33</b>	81.15	82.36
MixUp	68.65	66.55	<b>86.10</b>	74.14	74.85	85.40	85.45	71.32
MobileNet CIFAR-100 vs CIFAR-10								
None	53.73	56.72	54.17	65.31	<b>65.77</b>	56.58	49.59	65.07
Affine	74.41	60.38	56.31	<b>77.79</b>	76.70	66.11	60.79	77.63
CoarseDropout	67.18	60.59	56.35	71.03	<b>71.29</b>	61.06	55.98	70.83
ColorJitter	65.98	58.05	57.53	<b>71.15</b>	70.87	65.25	58.27	70.99
CropAndPad	72.59	61.61	56.33	<b>75.11</b>	74.58	64.20	59.46	74.98
MixUp	68.65	61.07	56.90	72.59	<b>72.81</b>	55.52	57.94	70.77
ResNet CIFAR-10 vs SVHN								
None	83.64	78.25	73.42	78.52	78.04	<b>81.72</b>	74.36	78.39
Affine	94.76	<b>92.07</b>	90.60	91.47	89.71	91.23	86.77	91.59
CoarseDropout	89.27	58.34	59.88	<b>86.43</b>	84.49	66.94	76.27	86.40
ColorJitter	87.98	88.18	75.01	82.39	82.52	<b>90.64</b>	88.00	82.15
CropAndPad	94.01	91.22	88.14	92.88	90.21	90.77	86.24	<b>93.04</b>
MixUp	89.41	81.64	<b>87.96</b>	51.87	87.24	76.64	85.32	38.94
ResNet CIFAR-10 vs CIFAR-100								
None	83.64	66.50	65.28	79.92	77.49	61.49	56.09	<b>80.03</b>
Affine	94.76	87.56	87.04	89.06	88.06	85.98	83.93	<b>89.12</b>
CoarseDropout	89.27	57.26	53.67	84.87	82.39	55.65	53.88	<b>84.92</b>
ColorJitter	87.98	80.17	77.21	83.50	81.39	80.44	76.04	<b>83.61</b>
CropAndPad	94.01	86.64	84.53	87.90	86.90	83.12	78.72	<b>87.98</b>
MixUp	89.41	65.40	69.89	73.66	<b>79.85</b>	62.45	59.04	68.80

Table 17: DTACC, TNR, and AUPR results for the OOD detection instability caused by the different random seeds used during training for text classification by BERT model. Additional results to those presented in Table 7 of the main paper.

BERT with closed set ACC = 97.49±0.11				
Method	DTACC		Rank	
	mean±std	delta	mean±std	range
KNN	72.10±4.16	11.34	2.25±1.85	0-5
Mah	70.75±2.21	7.46	2.75±2.17	0-6
ML	69.08±4.90	16.39	3.38±2.12	0-6
MSP	67.60±7.66	21.69	3.62±2.34	0-6
LOF <sub>C</sub>	70.98±3.14	10.93	2.12±1.45	0-5
LOF <sub>E</sub>	70.74±3.08	10.75	3.00±1.22	1-5
FE	69.06±4.90	16.39	3.88±1.90	1-6
TNR at TPR 95%				
	Rank		Rank	
	mean±std	delta	mean±std	range
KNN	28.26±4.28	13.16	1.50±1.22	0-3
Mah	28.07±2.87	8.84	2.00±0.87	1-3
ML	17.97±3.23	9.68	4.62±0.48	4-5
MSP	16.85±2.05	5.26	5.25±0.97	4-6
LOF <sub>C</sub>	29.68±3.27	9.26	1.00±0.87	0-2
LOF <sub>E</sub>	28.61±3.60	9.95	1.50±1.22	0-3
FE	17.88±3.43	9.68	5.12±0.78	4-6
AUPR				
	Rank		Rank	
	mean±std	delta	mean±std	range
KNN	73.85±4.15	11.79	1.00±1.32	0-3
Mah	73.21±2.13	6.48	2.00±1.50	0-5
ML	67.03±5.07	16.64	4.88±0.60	4-6
MSP	65.62±7.33	22.60	5.25±1.39	2-6
LOF <sub>C</sub>	73.36±2.86	9.04	1.25±0.97	0-3
LOF <sub>E</sub>	72.82±2.79	8.72	2.25±0.97	1-4
FE	67.07±5.08	16.80	4.38±0.86	3-6